

# THE BOURBON NEWS.

CHAMP & MILLER, Editors and Owners.

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EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON CO., KY., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1898.

NO 100

C. F. BROER & CO.

## A Rich Remembrance.

One of our many beautiful gifts—Rich in Quality, Style and Beauty—But best of all at very Low prices.

### AT TOP PRESSURE—

During the next three weeks every effort will be called forth to meet the demands of this Holiday time. We have made great preparations and can assure you of the most satisfactory service—prompt, speedy and accurate.

### IDEAL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Fit the giver's purse and the recipient's needs.

### HOLIDAY PICTURES—

Our full assortment displayed. Copley prints in dark frames, from \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50, \$3 and up. Water Colors at all prices \$3, \$4 and \$5 represent the figures on large collections.

We can't enumerate here the many merits of this exhibition. All we ask is that you come in and see it. It's for you. It's free to everybody.

LEATHER CHAIRS AND COUCHES. FANCY TABLES, FANCY ROCKERS. DESKS, HALL SEA'S QUAIN'T CHAIRS. Spend an hour or so in our store this week.

**C. F. BROWER & CO.**

Carpets, Furniture Wall Paper.

LEXINGTON, KY.

**The Duhme Jewelry Company,**  
Fourth and Walnut Sts., Cincinnati, O.

Long Distance Telephone, Call 870.

## DIAMOND CUTTERS.

All our Diamonds are Carefully selected in the rough, and cut in our Factory by Expert Diamond Cutters. We carry the Largest Stock in the West at the Lowest Prices.

### SILVERSMITHS.

Our stock of STERLING SILVER and WEIGHTED SILVER is the most complete in the West, for exclusive patterns of Sterling Silver Spoons and Forks at \$1.00 PER OUNCE.

Send for our Holiday Shopping List, containing many valuable Suggestions. Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods sent to our Patrons on Selection.

### H. S. STOUT'S

#### LADIES' SUITS

made to order by men Tailors

**\$20.00 and upwards.**

Fit and satisfaction guaranteed

#### Remodeling

Now is the time to have the out-of-style sleeves and ripple backs of your last season's suits

#### Jackets

Remodeled to conform with this season's styles

Also, refitting cloaks, mantels, sacks, jackets, and all fur garments specially,

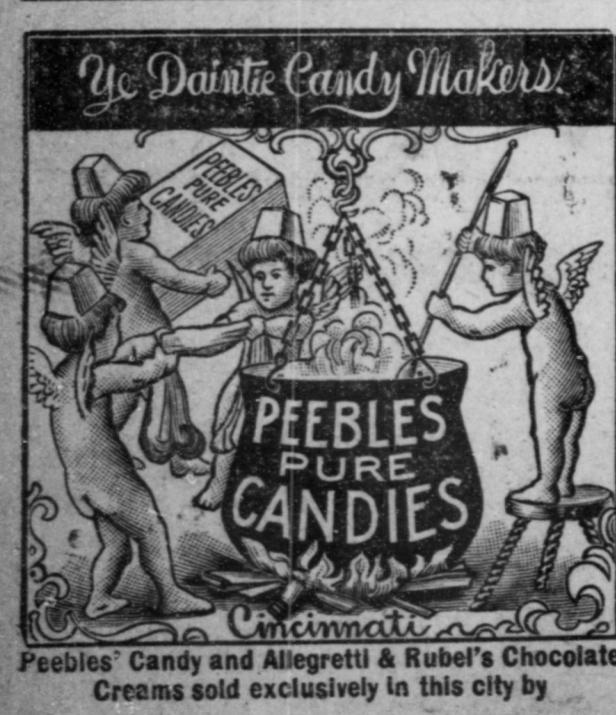
We have engaged a practical cutter and ladies' tailor from Chicago and have a full line of cloths to select from.

#### H. S. STOUT, Mgr.

#### FRANK TUMA, Ladies' Tailor.

No! it is not claimed that Foley's Honey and Tar will cure CONSUMPTION or ASTHMA in advanced stages, it holds out no such false hopes, but DOES truthfully claim to always give comfort and relief in the very worst cases and in the early stages to effect a cure.

Sold by James Kennedy, Druggist.



### PEEBLES' NAME

On a Box of Candy carries with it a guarantee of absolute purity. Money can not buy any higher grade ingredients than are used in its manufacture, and that is why Peebles' Candy is always wholesome.

Agents are supplied daily fresh from the factory, and that is why Peebles' Candy is more delicious than that of others.

Although superior in every way, the prices for Peebles' Candy are no higher than others.

Agents for Allegretti & Rubel's delicious Chocolate Creams. A full line may always be found.

The Joseph R. Peebles' Sons Co.

JOSEPH R. PEEBLES, Pres't.  
Established 1840.

CINCINNATI, O.

The teachings of 60 years experience as to all that is best in the line of Edibles, Drinkables and Smokeables is summed up in a 60 page price list. Sent free. Write for it.

G. S. VARDEN,  
JAS. FEE & SON.

### MILLERSBURG.

#### News Notes Gathered In And About The 'Burz.

Miss Mary Agnes Purnell is convalescent.

Have you seen Phillips' line of books, at 25 cents.

Banks Neal went to Cincinnati Thursday on business.

(Go to Mock's for a handsome rocker for a Christmas present. (1t)

McIntyre & McClintock shipped a car of hogs to Cincinnati, Tuesday.

Ed Brown now has a position with the L & N. as night operator at Cynthiana.

The thermometer registered five degrees below zero here Wednesday morning.

Mr. W. Frank Miller and wife returned Monday from a visit to Euniene.

Mr. Wyatt Insko, of the Carlisle Courier, was here Wednesday on business.

The telephone office has been moved to Hotel Conway and is in charge of Ben Jones.

FOR RENT.—Flat of four rooms, to man with small family. T. M. FURNELL.

Mrs. Mary Myall Riley, of Maysville, was the guest of Mrs. Oscar Johnson, in Cynthiana.

Rush Hurt and A. L. Auxier, of Covington, are on a hunting trip near Vanceburg.

Mrs. Sue Jaynes returned Tuesday from a visit with Mrs. Wm. Hinton, of Covington.

T. P. Wadell has killed over 6,000 turkeys here, this year. They are now worth 7 cents.

FOR SALE.—An Alderney cow, fresh, second calf, good milker.

T. M. PURNELL.

Miss Laura Trundell and Miss Laura Lilleston, of Paris, are guests of Mr. Jno. Jameson and family.

Some miscreant cut off the tails of two of Nick Rankin's horses. They strayed from home Monday.

Will and Chas. Clarke sold to R. B. Butchcraft, at Paris, 1,400 bushels of wheat at about 63 cents.

Thos. McIntyre is not much improved. His sister, Mrs. Snyder, and daughter, have been with him this week.

Mr. W. P. Aliband and wife, of Nicholasville, have been guests of Mr. Hugh Campbell and wife, this week.

Messrs. Nat Collier and Wm. Judy have delivered the best turkeys this season—both lots averaged 19½ pounds.

Dr. C. B. Smith and Jas. Woolam, John Ingels, and Ayres Vimont are hunting near Fairview, Fleming county.

Call and see James A. Butler's holiday goods of all kinds, and a nice lot of quen-sware at U. S. millinery store, at cost. (2t)

Assessor W. G. McClintock and deputy, Chas. Peddicord, have finished assessing the county and are now at work on their books.

Mock has the latest styles in fancy stands, parlor tables, etc. (1t)

Maj. Henry T. Allen, who was Major of volunteers during the Cuban war and was at Santiago, has been promoted to Captain in the regular army.

Remember the entertainment given by the Cadets of the M. T. S. and Mrs. C. M. Best's Elocution Class, at the opera house to-night. Admission, 25 cents.

W. M. Layson delivered to Jonas Weil 36 head of 1,540-lb cattle at \$4.75; Chas. Lawson delivered 15 head of 1,455-lb cattle to same at \$4.65. Dr. Chas. Mathews delivered 35 1,350-lb. cattle to same at \$4.50.

Indian Fancy Baskets, all shapes and sizes, something new at Phillips. (1t)

Mr. Wm. McIntyre, Miss Carrie Current, Dr. N. M. McKinney, Miss Maggie Rankin, Wm. N. Clark, Miss Lida Clarke, Jas. Dunton, Dodi Best, Julian McClintock, saw Rowland Reed, at Paris, Wednesday night.

S. M. Allen and wife, Bert M. Clintock and wife, Reynolds Letton, Miss Lucy Lee Allen, Frank Collier, Miss J. M. Purnell, J. W. Clarke, Miss Lelia McClintock, Miss Mary Grimes, and others, saw Roland Reed, at Paris, Wednesday night.

Have you seen those Indian work baskets at Phillips. (1t)

The Lehr & Williams Comedy Co. has been playing here this week to small crowd although it is one of the best companies here for some time. They will give away on Saturday night a silver cake dish to the most popular lady, and a silver tea set of four pieces to the holder of the lucky ticket.

SEE J. T. Hinton's display ad.

SEE those beautiful baskets and fruits at Geo. N. Parrish's.

FANCY California evaporated fruits. (1t) NEWTON MITCHELL.

I have placed all my Fee Bills in the hands of Mr. J. T. Martin for collection, who is authorized to receipt them.

E. T. BEEDING,  
30n4t EX-S. B. C.

Use Paris Milling Co.'s Purity flour—for sale by all grocers. Ask for it. Take no other.

### RUBLES MILLS.

#### Personals And Other Notes Gathered For The News' Readers.

Mr. Ollie Martin is on the sick list.

Mr. H. C. Current is attending court at Covington.

Mr. Riddie Boulden returned from Headquarters last week.

Mr. John Howard, of Georgetown was here last week on business.

Mr. John Thompson and family visited relatives at Headquarters this week.

The ladies of the Methodist church will give a supper in the church tonight.

Messrs. John Thompson and P. J. Cracraft were in Carlisle Monday on business.

Miss Virgie Ogle, of Paris, was the guest of Miss Effie Jett, Monday and Tuesday.

Messrs. Luther Adams and Risk Chowning returned from Cincinnati, Saturday.

Rev. Ralph Gabby, of Lexington, preached here Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. Marian Martin and wife, of Miltersburg, spent Sunday with J. O. Martin and family.

Messrs. Orville Endicott and P. J. Cracraft and Misses Lelia Goodin and Anna McDonald spent Sunday afternoon in Cynthiana.

Mr. George Poynter and wife, of Headquarters, were the guests of Mrs. Poynter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Owsley, this week.

Prof. Salem E. Parker closed his class in vocal music such as taught in the German schools. The Professor, assisted by his sister, Mrs. Bowen, and the class, gave a very pleasing concert Monday night, at the Methodist church. Every one was much pleased with the school.

CANDY, from 4 cents up, at Geo. N. Parrish's.

Coughed 20 Years.

I suffered for 25 years with a cough, and spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and for medicine to no avail. I used Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. This remedy makes weak lungs strong. It has saved my life.—J. B. Rose, Grantsburg, Ill.

A Popular Hotel.

ALWAYS popular, the Palace Hotel, Sixth and Vine street, was easily the most popular hotel in Cincinnati during the G. A. R. encampment. Excellent cuisine, prompt service, and polite employees, and splendid management has made it the best \$2 and \$2.50 per day hotel in America. Kentuckians always find friends stopping at this hotel. (27sep48)

My agency insures against fire, wind and storm—best old reliable, prompt paying companies—non-union.

W. O. HINTON, Agent.

Holiday Rates.

Dec. 22d to 25th and Dec. 30th to Jan. 1st, inclusive the Frankfort & Cincinnati Railway will sell round trip tickets to all points in the south at 1½ fare, illustrated to January 4th. Dec. 16th to 25th, inclusive, they will sell these tickets to students of schools and colleges at the same rate when certificate of principal is presented to ticket agent.

Dec. 26th to 28th the Frankfort & Cincinnati Railway will sell tickets to New Orleans and return at half rate, limited to Jan. 9th. Account Southern Educational Association.

J. R. NEWTON, G. P. A.

The very best companies compose my agency, which insures against fire, wind and storm. Non-union.

W. O. HINTON, Agent.

Insurance in the Hurst-Home only cost the policy holders fifty cents on the hundred dollars during the year 1897.

O. W. MILLER, Agent.

Paris, Ky.

S. S. ABNEY, mail haul light baggage to and from depot. Terms very reasonable. Leave orders at Post-office. (1t)

COLORED FASHION PLATES

published once a month, will assist women in selecting the proper colors for dress.

KIT CROCKETT

By S. R. CROCKETT

A Confident To-Morrow

By BRANDER MATTHEWS

are three serial stories to appear in 1898 that have seldom been equalled in plot and treatment.

SHORT STORY CONTRIBUTORS

Christine T. Herrick

Mary E. Wilkins

Ellie W. Peattie

Marion Harland

Harriet P. Spofford

Margaret S. Brisebois</p

## PEACE TREATY.

Precautions Taken to Keep the Contents From the Public.

An Outline of It, However, Has Leaked Out—It Has Been Obtained From a Source That is Usually Reliable—What It Provides.

PARIS, Dec. 14.—Extraordinary precautions are maintained by both peace commissioners to preserve secrecy as to the contents of the treaty. The following outline of the treaty, however, has been obtained from a source usually reliable:

Article one provides for the relinquishment of Cuba.

Article two provides for the cession of Porto Rico.

Article three provides for the cession of the Philippines for \$20,000,000 compensation.

Article four embraces the plans for the cession of the Philippines, including the return of Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Tagalos.

Article five deals with the cession of barracks, war materials, arms, stores, buildings and all property appertaining to the Spanish administration in the Philippines.

Article six is a renunciation by both nations of their respective claims against each other and the citizens of each other.

Article seven grants to Spanish trade and shipping in the Philippines the same treatment as American trade and shipping for a period of ten years.

Article eight provides for the release of all prisoners of war held by Spain and of all prisoners held by her for political offenses committed in the colonies acquired by the United States.

Article nine guarantees the legal rights of Spaniards remaining in Cuba.

Article ten establishes religious freedom in the Philippines and guarantees to all churches equal rights.

Article eleven provides for the composition of courts and other tribunals in Porto Rico and Cuba.

Article thirteen provides for the continuance for five years of Spanish copyrights in the ceded territories, giving Spanish books admittance free of duty.

Article fourteen provides for the establishment of consulates by Spain in the ceded territories.

Article fifteen grants to Spanish commerce in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines the same treatment as to American for ten years, Spanish shipping to be treated as coasting vessels.

Article sixteen stipulates that the obligations of the United States to Cuban citizens and property in Cuba shall terminate with the withdrawal of the United States authorities from the island.

Article seventeen provides that the treaty must be ratified within six months from the date of signing by the respective governments in order to be binding.

## THE STAFF OF GEN. LUDLOW.

The New Military Governor of Havana Busy Engaged in Drawing Up Plans for the Discharge of His Duty.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Gen. Ludlow, the newly appointed military governor of the city of Havana, is busily engaged in drawing up plans for the discharge of the heavy task set for him, so that he may start for his post in the course of a few days. The first duty before him is the organization of a complete staff, as he will not take with him the staff of his division. This staff of necessity must be of a special and expert character, including sanitary engineers, civil engineers, officers familiar with customs practices, financial officers, and in fact men capable of undertaking the management of the affairs of a great city which is now in a deplorable condition and must be made a model for remaining Cuban towns.

Gen. Ludlow said Tuesday that not all of the members of his staff would be selected in the United States. It would be good policy to wait until he arrived in Havana and ascertained what material was obtainable there to suit his needs. He will give attention at the outset to the formation of a system of police for the city. He was evidently not aware of the functions said to have been reposed in ex-Chief of Police McCullagh, who is now on his way to Havana, but has in mind the organization of a force that may be described as a slightly modified gendarmerie to undertake the policing of Havana. The organization will be generally on the lines of the orden publico recently withdrawn without leaving substitutes.

## The Fulton Mystery.

FULTON, Ky., Dec. 14.—The body of the dead woman found in the woods near Fulton is that of Mrs. "Dut" Rowlands, and she formerly resided at Ft. Smith, Ark., and married a man there. She was a wanderer in recent years and addicted to the use of morphine. Her husband died three years ago at Van Buren, Ark. It is still believed here that the woman was lured to the spot where found and murdered.

## THE PRESIDENT AT ATLANTA.

A Warm Welcome Extended to Him—He Delivers an Address Before the State Legislature.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 15.—President McKinley and his party arrived here at 9 a. m. Wednesday, with every member of the party in good health. The trip from Washington was a pleasant one.

All Atlanta, or as much of it as could find room, crowded down to the depot to greet the distinguished guests. As the president stepped from his car, with Mrs. McKinley on his arm, a great cheer went up from the crowd. The party went to the Kimball house, where all, but one or two retired at once to the apartments which had been reserved. Gen. Wheeler and his daughter held a brief informal reception in one of the hotel parlors.

A few minutes before 1 o'clock the president's party was assigned to carriages and escorted by 50 mounted police and the members of the governors' staff, started for the capitol.

Guns boomed the presidential salute as the chief executive ascended the steps of the capitol. At the Hunter street entrance the president was met by a committee composed of Col. William G. O'bear, acting adjutant general, representing Gov. Candler; Senator Hand, representing the senate, and Representative Hardwick, of the house, and conducted to the governor's parlor. Here he was received by Gov. Candler and the state house officials, after which the general assembly, in joint session, received the president and his party and the governors' staff.

The prettiest and most novel event of the day's festivities occurred during the afternoon. It was a floral parade, in which all the prominent people of the city took part, and the first of its kind ever given in the city. Carriages of every kind were in line and all beautifully decorated in an elaborate manner. The ladies of the city vied with one another in their efforts to present the most beautiful carriage and at the same time bid for the prize offered by the committee having the feature in charge. Decorations of every description were seen from the rare hot house exotics to the hardy plants which had no fear of the cold.

After the review the distinguished guests returned to the Kimball and spent the remainder of the afternoon in resting. A reception was given the president and party Wednesday night by the Capital City club at their splendid house on Peachtree street.

The president, as he entered the house of representatives, was given an ovation. The joint session rose to its feet and applauded and cheered the nation's chief lustily. The well-filled galleries joined in the welcome and sent a chorus of cheers which made the hall resound.

Wm. A. Dodson, president of the senate, called the joint session to order and in a splendid speech introduced the president.

Again was the welcome renewed, and the president, as he came forward, was compelled to stand some minutes bowing his acknowledgement. The president said:

"It is an uncommon pleasure to be thus greeted by these representatives of the state of Georgia and it affords me much gratification to be here and rejoice with you over the signing of the treaty of peace with Spain.

"Sectional lines no longer mar the map of the United States. Sectional feeling no longer holds back the love we bear each other. Fraternity is the national anthem, sung by a chorus of 45 states and our territories at home and beyond the seas. The union is once more the common atlas of our love and loyalty, our devotion and sacrifice. The old flag again waves over us in peace with new glories which your sons and ours have this year added to its sacred folds.

"What cause have we for rejoicing, saddened only by the fact that so many of our brave men fell on field or sickened and died from hardships and exposure, and others returning bringing wounds and disease from which they will long suffer. The memory of the dead will be a precious legacy and the disabled will be the nation's care.

"A nation which cares for its disabled soldiers as we have always done will never lack defenders. The national cemeteries for those who fell in battle are proof that the dead as well as the living have our love. What an army of silent sentinels we have, and with what loving care their graves are kept! Every soldier's grave made during our unfortunate war is a tribute to American valor. And while those graves were made we differed widely about the future of this government, these differences were long ago settled by the arbitration of arms—and the settled has now come in the evolution of sentiment and feeling under the providence of God, when in the spirit of fraternity we should share with you in the care of the graves of the confederate soldiers.

The cordial feeling now happily existing between the north and south prompts this gracious act, and if it needed further justification it is found in the gallant loyalty to the Union and the flag, so conspicuously shown in the year just passed by the sons and grandsons of these heroic dead.

What a glorious future awaits us if unitedly, wisely and bravely we face the new problems now pressing upon us, determined to solve them for right and humanity!

The best locomotives on steam lines weigh 154 pounds per h. p., but on an electric traction line at Baltimore, which was opened in 1895, the electric traction locomotive weighed 126 pounds per h. p. These locomotives weigh 90 tons, and develop 1,600 h. p., distributed on six independent driving axles.

At three of the large London railway stations—Charing Cross, Cannon street, and London Bridge—more than 33,000 movements for signal and point levers have to be made every 24 hours, quite apart from the telegraphic operations.

## SENT TO HAVANA

The Brooklyn, Texas and Castine Are Now on the Way.

RESOLUTES WILL NOT BE ABLE TO LEAVE LEAGUE ISLAND FOR SEVERAL DAYS—GEN. LUDLOW, THE MILITARY GOVERNOR, LEAVES SATURDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Within four hours from the moment the order was received by Capt. Cook, who commanded the Brooklyn, to proceed to Havana, the ship was speeding away on the high seas. At 9:45 Tuesday morning the order was sent, and at 1:30 word came that the ship had left Tompkinsville.

The Texas was telegraphed to leave for Cuba at 4 o'clock and got away soon after midnight from Hampton Roads.

Probably the Brooklyn will overhaul her before she makes port. On the Brooklyn as a passenger is Commodore Cromwell, who goes to take commandants.

## "A TRAVELER OF SPAIN"—AFTER FOUR HUNDRED YEARS.



The cruiser Conde del Venadito left Havana Dec. 13 for Cadiz with the ashes of Columbus.

of the Havana naval station. There are also some of the officers of the Texas who happened to be in New York when their own ship was ordered south.

The Castine, which is to form part of the Havana naval squadron, will make her way alone south from Boston.

The Resolute, which was also ordered to Havana, will not be able to start from League Island for a few days.

All of the ships carry marine guards and it is believed they will be able to maintain the best of order in Havana should the local authorities prove unable to do so. All of the torpedoes which obstructed the entrance to Havana harbor have been removed, and although the batteries commanding the entrance are still technically in Spanish control, it is not believed that any objection will be offered to our forces taking possession of them at any moment.

Gen. Ludlow, the military governor of the city, expects to leave Washington for Havana next Saturday and is hastening his preparations here to that end. The collisions that have occurred between the Spanish and Cubans in the city, it is supposed, have influenced him to assume the direction of affairs in Havana at the earliest possible moment, for it is his determination to secure and maintain perfect order in the town, showing no favor to either side, but treating each with exact justice and insisting on obedience to the law.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Dec. 15.—The United States armored cruiser Brooklyn, Capt. Cook, arrived at Old Point Wednesday shortly after noon. It is expected that she will sail some time Thursday after replenishing her coal bunkers.

## WILL MOUNT THE INFANTRY.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Dec. 15.—The United States government will send to Santiago province before New Year's 1,000 horses and accoutrements necessary to mount two companies of each of the infantry regiments in the province.

## STEVEDORES STRIKE.

SANTIAGO, Dec. 15.—Wednesday the stevedores went on a strike for higher wages. They have been getting \$1.25 a day and demand \$1.80. Gen. Wood ordered them to return to work at once.

## HELPLESS OLD MAN FELL INTO A FIRE.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 15.—John Hues, 80, an old citizen of Camden, fell into the fire and was so badly burned that death resulted within an hour. He was so feeble that he could not regain his feet after falling into the flames.

## GARDNER MATCHED AGAIN.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Oscar Gardner and Dave Sullivan have been matched to fight 25 rounds at catch weights before the Lenox Athletic club on January 9, the night before the Sharkey-McCourt bout.

SWITCHMAN KILLED.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 15.—Mike Conners, aged 50, a switchman in the yards here, was killed by the cars Wednesday.

## SOLD TOMCATS FOR RABBITS.

A Kansas City Italian's Mode of Turning a Penny—Many Squeamish Stomachs in the Western City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 15.—Dominick Shambur, an Italian produce dealer, was arrested Wednesday for selling cats for rabbits. Mrs. James Johnson informed Health Officer Shirk that she had reason to believe Shambur had duped her when he sold her what purported to be a cotton tail. She produced the animal which she had purchased as a rabbit and it proved to be an old-fashioned tomcat. The head and tail had been removed, but Shirk killed a cat, and by comparison with Mrs. Johnson's purchase decided that the latter belonged to the feline tribe. As Shambur has been engaged in selling supposed rabbits for several months, there is no telling how many tabbys and tommy's have been devoured by the Italian's customers under the supposition that they were eating cotton.

## NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The great steel gas tank of the Consolidated Gas Co. at Avenue A and Twentieth street, the largest of its kind in the world, collapsed at 5:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. It went down with a crash and roar like a great explosion.

Masonry of granite blocks and bricks to the height of 50 feet fell like a child's toy house of blocks, and loosened from bondage 8,000,000 gallons of water, deluged the streets and in a ten-foot tidal wave carried death and destruction through the surrounding neighborhood. It is not known how many were killed and injured.

The dead so far known is three and the injured number 23.

The steel tank was 178 feet in diameter and 160 feet high. Rising out of the ground to a height of 50 feet was a wall of granite and brick many feet in thickness. This was filled with 8,000,000 gallons of water. A gang of men were at work under a foreman filling the pit to make the first "water test."

The great tank seemed to withstand the test well. The laborers were even beginning to gather up their tools to knock off. There were many people on the streets and crowded street cars coming and going.

Suddenly came an awful crash. The men below had scarcely time to fly from beneath the falling walls ere they were picked up by the mass of rolling water and hurled hundreds of feet away. Into the basement, the first and second floors of factories and tenements, rushed the flood.

Workmen were shot out of the factory windows and carried a block or more as if mere straws.

Women were washed out of the flats from the first floors and almost drowned.

Mary Ann O'Connell and her little 4-year-old sister Catherine were seated at the front window on the second floor of No. 335 Avenue A. Before they could turn to flee a rush of water struck them both, smashing them both through the door and carrying them half a block distant. Both were terribly injured, the little one perhaps fatally.

Henry Fulner was taken up bodily and carried almost to Twenty-first street. His son was also carried out of his office by the water, but was caught in the debris and but for the timely arrival of some workmen with axes he would have been drowned.

Andrew Wendt, one of the killed, was near the base of the tank when it collapsed. He was caught by the rushing waters and borne almost an incredible distance. His mangled and almost naked body was found against an elevated railroad pillar at Twenty-first street and First avenue, more than a block away.

W. J. Logan, of the Logan iron works of Greenpoint, L. I., the contractor who was building the tank, arrived on the scene within a few minutes after the collapse and was at once placed under arrest.

Wm. H. Bradley, chief engineer of the Consolidated Gas Co., and said to be jointly responsible for the work with Contractor Logan, was placed under arrest. Both were charged with homicide and their bail was placed at \$10,000 each.

## HEROES TO BE HONORED.

The Object of a Bill Presented in the Senate—Protests Against Territorial Expansion.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—During the morning hour in the senate unobjectionable bills were considered, mostly private pension bills.

Hale introduced a bill to provide suitable medals for officers and men of the navy and marine corps for exceptional meritorious service in the line of duty.

Penrose offered a joint resolution providing for the printing of 9,000 additional copies of the report on financial and industrial conditions of the Philippines, the supply having been exhausted.

Hoar put in another large batch of petitions from citizens of New England protesting against the territorial expansion.

THE ARMY DEFICIENCY BILL.

SENATOR HALE Reports it to the Senate—Important Amendments Made to the Original Measure.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Senator Hale Wednesday reported the army deficiency bill. The most important amendments are: The \$3,000,000 contingency appropriation for the war and the same amount for the navy are to be expended under the direction of the president. For the signal corps, \$35,000 increase; pontoon trains, engineer department, \$30,000; assistants in engineer department, \$30,000.

The balance of the \$50,000,000 defense fund is to be continued until six months after January 1. For improving the Mississippi river at Pelican Bend, \$100,000.

THE HAWAIIAN BILL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The senate committee on foreign relations Wednesday took up the Hawaiian bill section by section and worked upon it with the view of putting it in shape to be reported to the senate. There will be some amendments to the bill, as the committee finds as it proceeds that the measure as drawn does not meet all requirements.

Another meeting will be held Friday to further consider the measure.

ATROCITIES IN FORMOSA.

TWO HUNDRED REBELS ATTACK A VILLAGE IN FORMOSA, SURPRISING THE PEOPLE, LOOTING THE PLACES AND BURNING HOUSES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 14.—Terrible atrocities are reported from Formosa. Two hundred rebels recently attacked a village, surprising the people and looting the place. They burned 37 houses. A Japanese police inspector and six constables perished in repelling the attack. One constable was captured alive. The insurgents fastened on his back the bloody heads of his companions and drove him before them into the woods. Reinforcements were sent to the village, where the mutilated bodies of the victims were found. One constable, who escaped, killed his own wife and child with his sword to prevent them from becoming captives. He was then killed by the savages.

ITALIAN WORKERS KILLED.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 14.—A special

## WEE FANNIE.

Wee Fannie, bless her little heart,  
I cannot help but take her part,  
When romping through the halls,  
Up, down the stairs she runneth wild,  
This sweet, angelic baby child,  
Fast clinging to her dolls.

What merriment doth her laughter bring,  
When through the house I hear it ring,  
In fond, ecstatic glee;  
Old scenes arise before mine eyes  
Of children up beyond the skies,  
Who're calling after me.

I gaze upon her broken toys,  
Which tell me of true childish joys,  
The joys of baby years;  
And while into the past I drift,  
The ills and woes of life I sit,  
From out a vale of tears.

Such purity from children roll  
Into every hardened soul  
That lacks the gem of grace;  
Their voice, their smile, their very tear,  
Can drive away the dread of fear,  
Depicting Christ's own face.

Play on, my child, in rapture play,  
And may your life be one glad day  
Of endless bliss and peace;  
And after evening shadows fall,  
When quietness reigns throughout each  
hall,  
May joy your sleep increase.

—George McKenzie, in Boston Budget.



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## SYNOPSIS.

Chapter I—D'Auriac, commanding out-post where scene is laid, tells the story. De Gomeron has been captured by Gé de Rone, who is sent to a camp made against him. Nicholas, a sergeant, brings up two prisoners, a man and a woman, who are from the king's camp at Le Fere. D'Auriac, angered by insulting manner of Gé Gomeron toward the woman, strikes him. A duel follows, and during the commotion the prisoners escape. De Rone happens on the disorderly scene, and d'Auriac, upon giving his parole not to attempt escape, hears this remarkable sentence: "To-morrow...you must die on the field. Win or lose, if I catch you at the close of the day, I will hang you as high as Haman."

Chapter II—D'Auriac next morning takes his place as usual on de Rone's staff. In the course of his ride over the field he seizes the life of Nicholas, the sergeant, who is a victim of de Gomeron's treachery, is found hanging by a noose of almost instant death.

Chapter III—After the battle in which King Henry utterly routs de Rone's forces, d'Auriac, lying severely wounded, sees the forms of a man and woman moving under cover of the night among the dead and wounded. They find a golden collar on de Leyva's corpse and Babette stabs Mauguet (her partner) to gain possession of the prize. After this hideous scene Henry with a retinue, among whom is the fair prisoner who had escaped from the hand of de Gomeron, rides over the field.

Chapter IV—D'Auriac in the hospital of Ste. Geneviève discovers his unknown friend is the heiress of Bidache. She sells him daily, and when he is well enough is taken to the Normandy chateau. Here he learns from Malte Palin, the madame's chaplain, that the king is about to force the woman, a very distasteful marriage with M. d'Ayen. With Jacques, his steward, d'Auriac leaves for the avowed purpose of preventing their marriage.

Chapter V—D'Auriac's horse casts a shoe. This causes a delay at village of Bay, where he comes upon Nicholas, his old sergeant, who says de Gomeron is in the neighborhood with the king's commission, and that he (Nicholas) has evidence of treason brewing among de Gomeron and certain associates against the king.

Chapter VI—Led by Nicholas, d'Auriac goes by night to where de Gomeron is staying. When near the house a horseman was heard from the depths of the forest (which greatly frightened Nicholas, then some men leave courtyard in direction of the sound).

## CHAPTER VI.—CONTINUED.

The men rode by us slowly, one of them carrying a torch, and, taking a turn to the right, trotted off into the forest, cursing the orders they had received to go forth after the horn-winder.

"Now," I whispered, "for the window."

"We must get to the terrace," he answered. "From there it might be done," and with a hurried look behind him, at which I began to laugh in a low tone of mockery, he crawled forward rapidly. I followed with equal speed and caution, and in a half minute we had gained the shadow of the terrace, and working along its ivy-covered wall, got to the main building. Here we cast about for some means to get up. It was not possible to do this by holding on to the ivy, as, if it came away, there would be a fall, and all our fat would be in the fire. The ascent had to be made noiselessly, and as I looked at the high wall before us I began to think it was impossible. Running my eye on the lichen-gray face of the main building, however, I noticed something that looked like a series of huge monograms, with a crescent above each, cut in high relief on the stones, beginning about ten feet from the ground.

"We might get up that way," I whispered.

Nicholas nodded, with a pale face. In his excitement he had forgotten the wild huntsman, much to my satisfaction.

"Bend, then, and I will ascend from your back."

He leaned forward against the wall, and climbing on his shoulders. I found that I might possibly raise myself by the monograms, which I discovered to be the letters H. D. interlaced in one another, the initials of the second Henry and Diane de Poitiers; and the crescent was, as well known, Madame Diane's crest. Taking a long breath, I lifted myself slowly—there was but an inch or so to hold on to, and at last found a crevise in which I could put the point of my boot. This was enough for me to change my hold to the next higher monogram, and finally I came to a level with the parapet of the terrace. Here was a difficulty. Every time I stretched my hand out to grasp the parapet I found that I could not reach over, and that my fingers slipped off from the slime and moss on the stones. Three times I made the attempt, and swung back three times, until I began to feel that the effort was beyond me. There was, however, one chance, and quietly thrusting my boot forward, I began to feel amidst the ivy for a pos-

sible foothold, and to my delight found it rest at once on a small projecting ledge that ran around the terrace. The remainder of my task was easy, and the next moment I found myself lying flat on my face beneath the oriel window.

Here I paused to recover myself, peering down at Nicholas, who was making an attempt to raise himself by his hands to reach the monograms and climb to me. "Steady," I whispered, "and catch this." Rapidly unwinding a silken sash I wore round my waist, in the fashion I had learned when serving in Spain, I dropped one end toward him, and after a moment or two he managed to seize it. Then I looped a fold of the silk around a buttress of the parapet, and holding on to the other end told Nicholas to climb.

"Now for the window," I said. "I will rise slowly and find out what I can. You keep your pistol ready, and your eyes open—do not rise, and remember my orders."

"There is a broken pane to the left, it is half hidden by the curtain—you can hear and see from there."

As he said this I rose softly to my feet, and, finding the broken pane without any difficulty, peered in.

The room was bright with the light of

candles, and, at a table, covered with papers, were seated two men, whilst a third was standing, and pointing with his fingers at a scroll. In the man with his back to me I had no difficulty in recognizing de Gomeron, the one looking toward me was assuredly Biron, for it was a face that one seen could never be forgotten. As for the man who was standing beside him, I knew him not, though subsequently—but I anticipated.

Biron was evidently in a high state of excitement. He was biting at the end of his dark mustache, and the fingers of his hand were playing nervously with the star on his breast, whilst his shifty, treacherous eyes were turning now on de Gomeron, now on the figure standing at his elbow. He seemed to be hesitating, and I heard de Gomeron say:

"This is my price—not money, not land, not a title, but only a few words. You have each one, my lord, your share of the spoils set down in writing. I do not want so much even—all I ask is your word of honor to favor my suit with the king. For me the word of Biron is enough, and I know his majesty can refuse you nothing."

"My God!" exclaimed Biron, and writhed in his chair.

"The marshal might give me the promise I seek, Lafin," and de Gomeron turned to the man who was standing at Biron's elbow, "the word will give me a wife, not much of a reward."

"And the lands of Bidache and Peñous—eh?"

I almost fell forwards in my eagerness to hear, and only checked myself in time.

"Exactly," sneered de Gomeron. "Do you think I have risked my life for the good of my health? See here, chevalier," and he bent forward and whispered a word or so that made the other pale, and then de Gomeron leaned back in his chair and smiled. Biron did not apparently see or hear, his forehead was resting on his clasped hands, and he seemed to be revolving the hazard of some great step. As for me, I thought I caught the words, "your instant help," followed by "lanes" and "power" and guessed—I was not wrong—that the captain had forced Lafin's hand.

"My dear de Gomeron," he said, "the marshal is willing enough, but you know the common talk, that the king has other views for madame, and that M. D'Ayen—" But Biron interposed.

"M. de Gomeron, you ask too much. Mme. de Bidache is of the first nobility. Tremouille was my friend. It is too much."

"And I give monseigneur a crown."

"Peste! My lord—after all, M. de Gomeron has deserved his price—and a good sword and a better head must not be thrown away. Remember, monseigneur, an open hand makes faithful hearts," said Lafin.

"But the king would never consent," began Biron.

"Give me your word to help me, monseigneur, I will do the rest for myself."

Biron hesitated for a moment, and then suddenly threw up his hand. "Very well—let it be as you wish. I promise, M. de Gomeron."

"Enough, my lord—it thank you! Chevalier Lafin has laid before me in detail all our resources. Let me now show you this." He unrolled a parchment that was before him, and handed it to the marshal. "Here," he added, "are the signatures of all." It only needs that of Biron—now sign."

I could hear the beating of my heart in the silence that followed, and then Biron said hoarsely: "No! No! I will never put my name to paper."

"Morbleu! marshal," burst out Lafin.

"This is no time for nibbling at a cherry."

Tremouille and Epernon have signed. Put your seal to the scroll, and the day it reaches M. de Savoye, 30,000 troops are across the frontier, and you will change the cabbage gardens of Biron for the coronet of Burgundy and la Bresse."

"And see your head on a crown piece, marshal," added de Gomeron.

"But we have not heard, Lafin—" began the marshal.

"We will hear to-night, monseigneur—that horn meant news, and Zamet never fails. Curse the low-bred Italian!"

"Pardieu! he is here," and as he spoke heard what seemed to be three distinct knocks at a carved door, and Lafin opening it, a man booted and spurred entered the room. He was splashed with mud, as one who had ridden fast and far.

"Zamet!" exclaimed the marshal and de Gomeron, both rising, and the face of the former was pale as death.

"Good evening, gentlemen! Maledicto! But I have had a devil of a ride."

"Well, friends, you all seem to have pale faces—would you not like to hear the news?"

There was, however, one chance, and quietly thrusting my boot forward, I began to feel amidst the ivy for a pos-

sible foothold, and to my delight found it rest at once on a small projecting ledge that ran around the terrace. The remainder of my task was easy. It is all over—she died last night."

"Did it hurt her?" asked Biron, nervously.

"I don't know," answered Zamet, brusquely, "I have never tasted the Borgia citron myself."

"Mon Dieu!" exclaimed the marshal, springing to his feet, "this is too terrible," and he began to pace up and down, whilst the other three remained in whispered converse, their eyes now and again turning to Biron, who walked the room like a caged beast. Nicholas had risen slowly to his feet despite my orders, and was looking over my shoulders with a white face and blazing eyes. I dared not tell him to go back; but with a warning look at him strained my ears to catch what was being said, but could hear nothing until at length Zamet raised his voice: "Have done with it, marshal, and sign." After all, Mme. de Beaufort was no more than a—

"he used a foul word. "The king is prostrate now; but in a week Gabrielle will be forgotten, and then anything might happen. He already writes verses on her," he went on with a grin. "Charmante Gabrielle—diavolo! but you should have seen her as she lay dead—she was green as a jade cup."

"Be still, dog," and Biron turned fiercely on him. The Italian stepped back, his hand on his dagger; but in a moment he recovered himself. His black eyebrows lifted, and his upper lip drew back over his teeth in a sneer.

"Sacrébleu! How did they know that cut—have at them, monsieur."

And we did.

It had to be a matter of moments only. The troopers behind were coming on, and if once they reached us we could not well hope to escape again. The odds were too many. I did not, therefore, waste time, but went straight for my man, and, to do him justice, he seemed nothing loath to meet me. He cut over the shoulder, and, receiving this on my forte, I gave him the point in the center of his breastplate, making it ring like a bell. Only a Milanese corslet could have saved him as it did. My nag went on, but turned on its haunches to the reins, and before he could well recover himself I was at him again and discovered that he wore a demi-mask on his face.

"Monsieur, shall I prick your mask off before killing you," I mocked, suiting the words to a thrust that all but effected the object, and ripped him on the cheek.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

## Napoleon in Peter's Bed.

Peter the Great hated Moscow, and above all, that stronghold of oriental intrigue and moral darkness, the Kremlin. If I remember right, he never inhabited the palace within its walls after he was a child. The old palace is a network of incredibly small, low, ill-ventilated rooms, some little bigger than closets, painted in greens, blues and reds, after the Swedish fashion; rooms which seem, even to-day, to reek of plots, intrigue and murder. Napoleon, always a trifling theatrical, insisted on sleeping in the bed of Peter the Great when he occupied the Kremlin in 1812. The bed of the boy Peter fitted the hero of Austerlitz to a nicety. It is a very abbreviated couch. In the very heart of this oriental palace, with no window which gives on the outer day and the open air, is the terem, or women's quarters. The terem was, to all intents and purposes, a harem. The ladies, even the tsaritsa and the sisters of the tsar, were only permitted to look down into the hall of coronation through a carved wooden lattice, just as ladies do in every harem in the east. They received no men except their husbands and brothers, and when they went out it was in a curtained litter. When Peter mounted the throne of the tsars the women of Russia were orientals, imprisoned far more rigorously than the ladies of Constantinople to-day.—Louisville Courier-Journal.



I FELT MYSELF SUDDENLY THRUST ASIDE.

From the courtyard we could hear the hurry and bustle of men suddenly aroused, and as we reached the oak we heard the bay of the bloodhounds and the thunder of hoofs in pursuit.

## CHAPTER VII.

## POOR NICHOLAS.

From the oak to the spot where our horses were tethered was close upon 50 horses, and never, I think, was ground covered at a speedier rate by men running for their lives. I was bursting with anger, and knew not what restrained me from pistolizing Nicholas, so furious was I at the blind folly of the man. As we reached the horses we could hear the dogs splashing through the spill water at the edge of the lake, and some one fired a third shot at us from horseback, a shot in the dark, which whistled through the branches overhead.

"Quick! quick! monsieur!" gasped Nicholas, and with a turn of his hand he freed Couronne and sprang to her back, the great mare standing steady as a rock.

"Quick!" he called out again more loudly, and I made a vain effort to loosen my beast, which, startled by the shots, the baying of the dogs and our haste and hurry, plunged and kicked as though it were demented.

"Damn you!" I hissed, half at the horse, half at the crop-eared idiot who had caused this disaster, and managing somehow to scramble to the saddle, cut the halter with a draw of my dagger. At this moment the dogs reached us, a dark object sprang up from the ground, and, fastening on the jaws of my horse, brought him to his knees, whilst the other beasts flew at my companion. Nicholas' pistol rang out to no purpose, the report was echoed by a chorus of shouts from the troopers following us, and Couronne, swinging around, lashed out with her heels at the hound that was baying her. Leaning forward with one arm half round the neck of my snorting horse, I thrust twice at the hound hanging to him, the first time sliding off his metal collar, but at the second blow my blade slipped to the hilt into something soft, it seemed of its own accord, and as the dead dog fell suddenly back, bearing my poniard with it, my freed horse rose to its feet, and, mad with pain, dashed forward. As we dashed into the wood the troopers attempted to follow, but it was with relaxed speed, and every moment we were distancing them, and their cries, shouts and curses became fainter and more faint. Leaping a fallen log Nicholas burst through a juniper bush, and my horse following him we came on to an open stretch which sloped down to the river.

Inconsiderate.

Foster—So her father refused to consent to your marriage with his daughter?

Biglin—That's just the deuce of it.

It gave me no answer when I told him what I had called for, and told me if I didn't leave in less than two seconds he'd kick me out. What's to be done with fellow who will wander off in that way from the subject of discussion?"—Boston Transcript.

## Novel Miseration.

"How far was it?" asked the lawyer of the witness, "from your house to the road where the difficulty occurred?"

"Bout a acre en a half, suh."

"I mean how many yards?"

"Dey wuzn't any yards dere at all, suh, exceptin' of my yard, en dat wuz bout a acre en a half fum de road!"—Atlanta Constitution.

## Ready for a Rainy Day.

"What are you laughing at?"

"Put an advertisement in the paper saying that the man who had appropriated my umbrella at the reception was known. There were 27 umbrellas at my house before I left this morning and I met a messenger boy on every block on the way down!"—Detroit Free Press.

## A NEW POSITION.

## President Designates Gen. Brooke to Be Military Governor of Cuba.

The New Post Carries With It All the Control Over the Military

# ROYAL

## Baking Powder

Made from pure  
cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food  
against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest  
menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## THE BOURBON NEWS.

[Eighteenth Year—Established 1881.]

*Published every Tuesday and Friday by  
WALTER CHAMP, } Editors and Owners.  
BRUCE MILLER, }*

*Make all Checks, Money Orders, etc.,  
payable to the order of CHAMP & MILLER.*

EDITOR MILO SHANKS, of the Richmond *Pantograph*, has fallen into a good berth in the Government Printing Office, Washington City. The position came through the civil service.

COL. W. J. BRYAN is out in an interview telling why he resigned from the army. He reasserts his opposition to territorial expansion, and is on the way to Washington to fight against a colonial policy.

### Mr. Settle at Atlanta.

REPRESENTATIVE EVAN SETTLE, accompanied the President's party South, taking the place of Mr. Bailey, who was to answer the toast, "There is no minority in Patriotism." Mr. Bailey found that it was impossible for him to go and Mr. Settle was selected in his place.

Mr. Settle will represent old Kentucky most satisfactorily, being one of the most fervent and eloquent speakers in Congress.

### Kentucky's Chickamauga Monument.

The Kentucky monument erected by the State in Chickamauga Park, will not be formally dedicated until next spring, probably in the month of April. Gov. Bradley decided upon this after receiving a letter from the Chickamauga Monument Commission notifying him of the completion of the erection of the Monument. The commissioners say in the letter that the Kentucky monument is undoubtedly the handsomest in the park, and that the inscription is regarded as superior to that on any other monument.

### McKinley's Tribute to Confederate Soldiers.

AT Atlanta Wednesday President McKinley's remarks helped to further heal all differences between the North and the South arising from the memorable war of '60s. The president said:

"Every soldier's grave made during our unfortunate civil war is a tribute to American valor, and while when those graves were made we differed widely about the future of this government, those differences were long ago settled by the arbitration of arms, and the time has now come in the evolution of sentiment and feeling, under the Providence of God, when in the spirit of fraternity we should share with you in the care of the graves of the Confederate soldiers."

### Victory For Corporations.

THE Court of Appeals in an opinion by Judge Guffy, Tuesday reversed the decision of the State Fiscal Court in the cases involving the indictments for failing to report to the Secretary of State. About 120 private corporations among which were the Paris Gas Company, Paris Electric Light Company and the Power Grocery Company, were indicted under the statute providing a penalty of \$1,000 and \$50 a day for each day's delinquency. The test case was made in the case of the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company vs. the Commonwealth.

The court holds that inasmuch as the Auditor had not prescribed the form they are not liable; Judge Poynter delivers a separate opinion, and Judges DuRelle, Barnam and Hazlrig take the ground that they do not have to report at all.

### Awarded

Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

# PRICE'S

## CREAM

## BAKING

## POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

### GOSSIPY PARAGRAPHS.

#### Theatrical And Otherwise—Remarks In The Fever.

Reston Clarke will shortly produce a new comedy entitled "The Ragged Cavalier."

\*\*\*

Wm. Feversham and Maud Adams will star in an elaborate production of Romeo and Juliet next season.

\*\*\*

Langdon Mitchell is preparing a dramatization of "Vanity Fair" which Mrs. Fiske may produce next season.

\*\*\*

A soldier was fined \$500 for bugging the wife of a prominent citizen, of Savannah, Ga., a few days ago. The soldier was drunk.

\*\*\*

The Paris Elks gave a social session at their lodge room Wednesday night after the performance of "The Woman Hater," in honor of Mr. Roland Reed, the noted comedian. Music, short speeches, and a lunch were features of the occasion.

\*\*\*

Joseph Jefferson, the famous actor, who has retired from the stage, has four sons—Charles, Thomas, William Winter and Joseph Jefferson, Jr.,—who will help to keep the family name before the public if they do not succeed in adding new lustre to it. All of them are capable actors, but none have yet played "Rip." William Winter Jefferson will play his father's part in "The Rivals." Joseph Jefferson, Jr., was seen in this city last February with "Pudd'nhead Wilson" Company.

\*\*\*

OUR thoughts revert oft to the past, To memories sweet and pleasant; But now they are stuck very fast To the Christmas-buying present.

\*\*\*

The annual visit to Paris of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" recalls the fact that the first production of this bewhiskered chestnut south of the Ohio river occurred in the Old Fellows Hall in this city, in 1870. It was produced by a company owned by a South Carolina man and the play was given by capable actors, the Tops being an especially clever southern woman. A. T. Forsythe saw the play in Wheeling, W. Va., and was told by the manager that he was going to give the play in Paris. Though the play has been altered since that time and is despised by the masses it is a great money-maker. The door-keeper of the Stetson Company told a *Leader* reporter that Stetson made more money out of his "Tom" show than he did out of his circus. There are about twenty-five "Tom" shows on the road this season and one of them has made arrangements to swoop down on the innocent Porto Ricans. Being a child has its disadvantages.

HAVE you seen those colored photographs at J. T. Hinton's. (tf)

Cake Walk and Minstrels.

The Merrick Lodge Minstrel and Concert Co., of Lexington, will give a minstrel show and cake walk at the Lexington Opera House on the 20th for the benefit of the Odd Fellows' Orphans' Home. A special train will run from Paris to Lexington that evening and a large delegation is expected to attend.

The train will leave Paris at seven o'clock, returning after the performance. Bob Frank, Geo. Browner, Chas. James and Ben Downey, the prize winners of the cake walk in the Paris Elk Minstrel show, will participate in the cake walk in Lexington.

GOV. BRADLEY has been notified that the monument to Kentucky soldiers has been completed at Chickamauga. He will fix a date early in April for unveiling the monument.

CRYSTALLIZED fruits, nuts, oranges, lemons, bananas, apples, malaga grapes, grape fruit.

(tf) **NEWTON MITCHELL.**

NOTICE.—Parties wanting photos for Christmas presents should place orders now in order to get them in time. Call and see samples of the latest—"Porcelain" and "Ivorytype" pictures—made in both large and small sizes, the prettiest, finest and most durable picture made.

(tf) **L. GRINNAN.**

TAKE your hides to N. Kriener. He will pay you 7½ cents for green hides; \$1.50 to \$2.50 for horse hides, according to size, and sheep skins in proportion.

(29no-1mo) **Tornadoes And Cyclones.**

LOOKOUT, these windstorms will sweep your farm property off the face of the earth, and you will lose it all unless you have a policy in the old and tried Glen Falls of New York—\$1,000 insurance for five years will only cost you \$10. Tobacco barns a specialty.

(90ov-1mo) **T. PORTER SMITH, Agent.**

FOR SALE—Walnut bedstead. Apply at THE NEWS office. (tf)

**W. S. ANDERSON,**

of Peck, P. O., Pike Co., O., Recommends

Wright's Celery Capsules.

To the Wright Manufacturing Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen—I have purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from James T. Blaser, druggist, Waverly, O., and used them for Stomach Trouble and Constipation. I was unable to buy any longer for nearly two years, as there were three boxes of your Celery Capsules and they have cured me. For the benefit of others so afflicted I wish to send this letter.

Very truly yours,

W. S. ANDERSON.

Sold on postals to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, O., for trial size, free.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

### SCINTILLATIONS.

#### An Interesting Jumble Of News And Comment.

Robt. Burns Wilson is having a sale of his paintings in Lexington.

Maj. Gen. Ludlow has been appointed governor of the city of Havana, and Gen. Fitzhugh Lee has been appointed governor of the Havana province.

Fire gutted the handsome State Bank and Trust Co. building Tuesday night in Richmond, at 12 o'clock. The building was lately completed at a cost of \$25,000. The fire is supposed to have originated in the second story.

At Maysville Wednesday morning fire gutted John W. Watson's wholesale whiskey house, and spread to J. H. Rogers' warehouse, also containing whiskey. Hechinger & Co.'s branch clothing store was damaged \$3,000 worth. Watson and Rogers' carried about \$21,000 insurance which does not cover loss. Hechinger's loss is covered by insurance.

The death of G. W. Fagin, postmaster and station agent, at Pine Hill, Rockcastle county, brings to light the fact that his real name was Frank Travers who was once a comrade of Quantrall and the James boys in their guerrilla raids. He was also a member of the ill-fated Lopez expedition to Cuba forty-eight years ago under Crittenden, and was one of seven to escape death, being the youngest. Travers was found dead in his bed. Several weeks ago Travers loaned a gun to John Meadows with which he killed John and Clayton Mathews.

TEN AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

See our ten and twenty-five cent table. These goods are cheap; no such values offered except by **FORD & CO.**

FRUITS of best quality and lowest prices, at Geo. N. Parris.

CLARK & KENNEY's elegant line of Christmas novelties includes elegant toilet articles, leather goods, albums, perfumes and extracts, cut glass bottles, medallions, etc. (tf)

THE clearance sale now in progress at the New Louisville Store, is offering special holiday discounts on suits and overcoats; any calico in their stock at 3½c; new line of flannelettes at 6½c, regular 8 1-2c quality. (13dec-31)

LUNG Irritation

is the forerunner to consumption. Dr. Bell's Pine-Par-Honey will cure it, and give such strength to the lungs that a cough or a cold will not settle there. Twenty five cents at all good druggist.

THERE are eggs and eggs. The egg of yesterday looks, feels, measures and weighs like the egg of last month, but there's a difference in another respect, and that difference is worth money. It's just so with laundry. The difference between good work and poor is slight to the unpracticed discernment, but it's a difference that counts every time. It's a difference that changes your laundry bill from an expense to an investment. We do good work—it will cost no more than poor work but its worth double the difference.

**BOURBON STEAM LAUNDRY.**

We are the people's friends. We repair your linen and put neck bands on free.

**HAGGARD & REED.**

How about a nice comfort for a Christmas present? J. T. Hinton has the best and cheapest in town. (tf)

**NEW YORK**, Edam, pine-apple, Neufchatel cheese.

(tf) **NEWTON MITCHELL.**

Don't use any other but Purity flour from Paris Milling Co.—tell your grocer you want no other. All grocers keep it.

**W. O. HINTON, Agent.**

INSURE against fire, wind and lightning in the Hurst Home Insurance Co.—lower rates and absolutely safe insurance.

O. W. MILLER, Agent, PARIS KY.

**GUNTHER'S** fine candies for sale for Christmas.

(tf) **NEWTON MITCHELL.**

How about one of those couches at J. T. Hinton's for your wife? (tf)

Low prices on candies for entertainments. Cheap but pure. (tf) **NEWTON MITCHELL.**

Weak Eyes Are Made Strong,

dim vision made clear, styes removed and granulated lids or sore eyes of any kind speedily and effectually cured by the use of Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve. It's put up in tubes, and sold on a guarantee by all good druggists.

**SURE Cure for Dandruff.**

Fifty or more patrons of Crawford Bros., barber shop have lately used the celebrated Coke cure for dandruff with gratifying results. It is a sure cure and is recommended by a score of well known Parisians. Persons who are troubled with dandruff should get a bottle of Coke from Crawford Bros. and try it once.

**J. T. HINTON**'s line of Christmas goods is the best in town. Call and see them.

NOTICE.—Mrs. W. A. Johnson will teach puff paste and cake on Friday, and bread on Monday. (tf)

**BLACKING CASES** at J. T. Hinton's

### SIX DOLLARS

Will buy a one-hundred piece dinner set, nicely decorated—a big bargain. **FORD & CO.**

The Eagle King of All Birds, is noted for its keen sight, clear and distinct vision. So are those persons who use Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for weak eyes, styes, sore eyes of any kind or granulated lids. Sold by all dealers at 25 cents.

FOR SALE—Regular saloon license for city of Paris. Apply at THE NEWS office.

**A Good Memory**

often saves money and also good health. If you are troubled with consumption, indigestion or any form of stomach trouble remember to take homeopathic Dr. Caldwell's Syrup, Peppermint and Salvia will cure you. Trial sizes 1c (1b) doses 10c (10z) large size 50c and \$1.00, of W. T. Brooks, druggist, Paris, Ky.

(tf)

FOR SALE.—One nice sligh.

(2t) **E. J. MCKEY,**

Always ask for Paris Milling Co.'s Purity flour. All grocers keep it. Insist on having Purity every time.

**RAILROAD TIME CARD.**

L. & N. R. R.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:

From Cincinnati—10:58 a. m.: 5:38 p. m.; 10:10 p. m.

From Lexington—5:11 a. m.: 7:45 a. m.: 3:35 p. m.; 6:27 p. m.

From Richmond—5:05 a. m.: 7:40 a. m.: 8:28 p. m.

From Maysville—7:42 a. m.: 8:25 p. m.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:

To Cincinnati—5:15 a. m.: 7:51 a. m.: 3:40 p. m.

To Lexington—7:47 a. m.: 11:05 a. m.: 5:45 p. m







THEY EAT TO ORDER.

How Fowl Are Fattened by Machinery on Scores of Poultry Farms in England.

There are many poultry farms in England, for fresh fowl is considered a great and staple table delicacy. They have many schemes for fattening the birds. One is to confine them in small pens, where they can have no exercise and are fed a mixture of ground oats, millet and fat. They put on flesh at a rapid rate subjected to this treatment.



## FATTENING A FOWL BY MACHINERY.

The birds are not allowed to pick up their food in the natural manner, but have it pumped or crammed into their crops by a simple machine, consisting of a large funnel, into which the food is placed, falling into a cylinder, from which it is pumped by a piston worked by a treadle through a flexible tube some seven inches long direct into the fowl's crop. The birds are fed this way twice a day. The dexterity with which hundreds of protesting birds are thus fed is remarkable.

## POULTRY DOES PAY.

One of the Most Profitable, If Not the Most Profitable, Branches of Farming.

Those who say poultry does not pay do so because in the first place they do not expend the proportionate time and brain in caring for their fowls that they do with their other stock, says the Western Rural. In the second place, they do not keep an account, hence the many little sums are overlooked when compared with those derived from the cows, for instance, where many times the capital is invested. Take care of your hens for one season, credit them with all the eggs and chickens used at home as well as those sold, of course charging the feed and time to them, and see if they do not yield a greater profit proportionately than the average products at your disposal. Those who have thoroughly tried it, either as a business in itself or as a side issue, are almost unanimous in declaring that it is one of the most profitable, if not the most profitable, branches of farming. One must not expect to do well at it unless he is willing to devote time and talents to it, and even then there are a few who, despite their best efforts, will fail; the same is true in every business and profession. To such I would say, try something else, but to the average man I would recommend keeping a few fowls, if situated so that it is at all practicable to do so.

## NOTES FOR BEEKEEPERS.

Too much stimulative feeding often tends to induce robbing.

Colonies having defective queens are always the foundation of trouble.

The strength of the colony determines the amount of brood therein.

A board covering should never be placed over and directly on the frames.

The ground in front of each hive should be banked up level with the entrance.

The first thing after hiving a swarm of bees in a frame hive is to adjust the frames.

The best material in the smoker is dry, rotten wood that has become light and spongy.

When robbing once gets started in the apiary it is very troublesome and hard to check.

A gargle made of sage tea and sweetened with honey is one of the best remedies for colds or hoarseness.

When the queen goes up into the surplus boxes she selects drone comb only in which to deposit her eggs.

Except during the winter the entrance should be large enough to admit of the bees passing in and out readily.

Combs that are new and bright are not near so liable to become infested with worms as those of a dark color.—St. Louis Republic.

## Sun Baths for Fowls.

It is not alone the cold weather in winter, but even more the lack of sunlight during the short days, that restricts egg production at this season. Plenty of sunlight is as essential as warmth to make the hens lively and healthful. But the single glass narrow windows, often only a single pane, and that covered with dust and cobwebs at all seasons, and with ice in winter do little good. What are needed in all henhouses are large windows with an extra frame and glass with a space of inclosed air large enough to fill most of the south side of the building. Keep the place where the sunlight falls free from manure and fill this with sand or coal ashes. Fowls will dust themselves here, and basking in the sunlight they will soon begin to lay.

## COTTON SEED MEALS.

Practical Feeders Differ Greatly in the Estimate of Their Value as a Stock Food.

Much has been said and written relative to the use of cotton seed meal as a cattle food. Nearly all investigators agree in giving it a high value and urge dairymen to use this material not only because it is a cheap source of protein but because it also has a high manurial value. Practical farmers differ greatly in their estimates of cotton seed meal. Some seem to use it very satisfactorily for awhile and later conclude that the feed is not well adapted for their purposes. Occasionally a feeder observes that the health of the animals is affected by the feeding of cotton seed too freely, and it sometimes happens that even after animals have been fed for months with apparent success that they are injured by its continued use. It has also happened that cows fed upon cotton seed meal do well for a time and that later the milk flow is diminished without apparent cause. There are at present no other concentrated feeding stuffs which vary so much in composition as cotton seed meals from different sources and different mills. Within three weeks the station has examined samples varying from 22 per cent. to over 53 per cent. of protein.

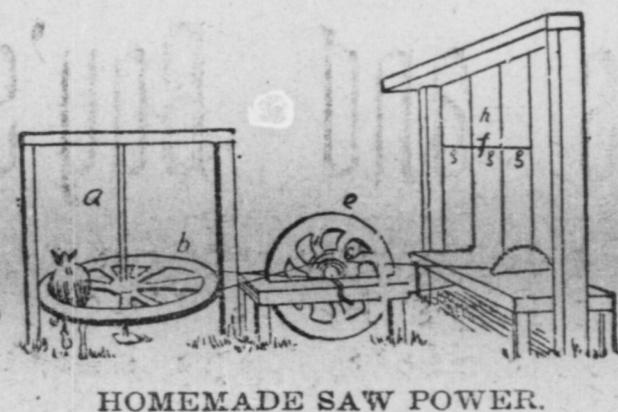
This greater variation in different lots of cotton seed meal may explain the different estimates of different practical feeders and of the same feeders at different times. If a cow is fed a cotton seed meal containing 26 per cent. protein and is then fed an equal weight of meal containing 52 per cent. it is evident that the amount of protein which she receives will have been doubled by the change. If she has been fed up to her full capacity in the first instance such an increase must result disastrously. On the other hand, changing from a cotton seed of high protein content would diminish the milk flow unless the amount of meal fed is correspondingly increased.—Bulletin of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station.

## FOR CUTTING WOOD.

Saw Power Which Can Easily Be Constructed at Home by Any Bright Farmer.

Sawing the year's supply of wood is a long, hard and laborious job. Many forms of power are now available, such as gas engines, windmills, water wheels, etc., which do the work quickly and easily. Where such cannot be afforded a natural mechanic can make a horse power cutter as illustrated herewith.

First make a shaft (a), on which place a wheel (b) for the horse to work in. Make it 16 to 20 feet in diameter. A heavy balance wheel (e) is then made



## HOMEMADE SAW POWER.

and a pulley (c) fastened to it and the horse power wheel. A driving pulley (d) connects the balance wheel with the saw shaft. The saw frame (f) should be made strong and durable. The wood to be sawed is laid on the iron hooks (g), which are stapled so as to swing in and out by the saw. They hang from a heavy durable frame. A connecting bar (h) holds the hooks (g) in a uniform position. Rollers may be put on hooks (g) so the sticks to be cut will roll to the upright frame, the distance to be cut. One-fourth of wheel (b) is hinged in to take the horse in and out.—W. A. Sharp, in Farm and Home.

## Feeding Salt with Fodder.

It is difficult to feed cut cornfodder so as to have it all eaten, and the difficulty is increased if there are nubbins of corn in the cut fodder to scatter grains through it. Cattle and horses will nose this over to get the grains of corn, and when the fodder has been thus nosed over only the small, fine pieces will be eaten. The better way is to grind the nubbins, corn and cob together, and apply this to the fodder after it has been moistened by steam. In this way most of the cut fodder will be eaten, and what is left can be made more palatable by sprinkling more meal on it and adding some salt. By feeding salt with unpalatable fodder a great deal of nutrition may be secured from what would otherwise be wasted.—American Cultivator.

## The Hen's Egg and Sex.

Periodically and frequently goes around the report that eggs wrinkled at the narrow ends produce cockerels, says the Country World. To the student of embryology this fallacy is at once apparent. For the first few days the chicken is sexual, and then to about the seventh day it is distinctly hermaphrodite and contains within itself the element of both sexes. After this stage it verges in one direction, one set of organs developing and the other diminishing, according as to whether the germ is going to produce a male or a female. So that if the germ had a living conscience, it would not know at the sixth day which sex it would ultimately be.

## Fast-Walking Farm Horses.

There is a large difference in the amount of work done in a year by a fast walking horse and one that is slow. If a team travels 20 miles a day, and another team goes 25 miles in the same time, it makes a difference of 1,500 miles for 300 working days in a year. When plowing or cultivating a large field a team will travel from 15 to 20 miles a day, and the difference of a mile or two is an important item during the busy season. There is room for a fast-walking breed of horses.

## WILD GEESE IN THE SOUTH.

Wise Decoy Fowl That Are Used to Lure Their Own Kind to the Hunters.

In many parts of the south wild geese feeding is carried on for the benefit of sportsmen, especially among the reed-bound shores of Hyde County, N.C., where years ago some one wounded a goose, bred from it, and spread its product through the district. Here are goose yards, and as soon as a hunter enters the yard the inmates know, like dogs, that they are going hunting, and squawk, fight and struggle to be the first to be taken out and placed in the coop or bag in which they are carried to the grounds. Pieces of green toughened wire are cut and staked out in four or five inches of water, and a goose is tethered to each stake and allowed to stand on the sod. Thus placed, the goose has the appearance of resting. The hunter retires to his blind to watch, not the sky line, but the tethered geese. Suddenly one stirs, another follows suit, a muffled sound is made by one, and then away off will be seen a streak of moving gray dots which quickly develop into a flock, gander and goose in the lead, goslings to the rear. The birds drop well out of shot, to see if the quality of geese on the sods permits a visit without loss of caste. The goslings, heedless of social forms, gayly start forward to gossip with the decoys, but the parents head them off, scolding, cackling with many modulations and much emphasis of tone, gabbling wise saws and modern instances innumerable, as wise parents have done to children since the world began, until gradually the gander himself yields to the clamorous gabble of the decoy flock, which has kept up a flood of praises of the choicest feeding ground. He slowly drifts down with much importance, his females behind, the youngsters in their train. His eye is glued on that patch of reeds, and even a man's eye at an opening no bigger than a dollar, a bright coat button glinting in the sun, the gleam of a diamond or the lock of a gun, even the awkward flop of a tethered goose from off its sod, is sufficient to send them away bag and baggage, and good day, good day to them.

A curious feature of these live decoy geese is that they must not be shot over. The hunter is warned that, no matter what happens, he must wait until the strangers paddle to one side or the other of the decoys, and failing that, he must let his chance go by, for if once he fires directly over the tethered birds they are nervous, and at the approach of stranger flocks remember what happened, and, showing fear, disturb and unsettle the strangers. Firing to the side they do not appear to mind, and the older birds who have been out one or two seasons, when they see a gun go up, "down charge" like a veteran setter or pointer, on their piece of sod, chattering like parrots after the wild birds have been dropped. Tamed geese have been used on Long Island and other places, but not so generally as in Hyde county.

On the great South Bay, Long Island, the geese are shot from quaint boats which are so designed that they will float on water or may be pushed along on ice by the occupants, having steel runners underneath. When the geese are around, the hunter in a white overalls pushes off from the shore and paddles over to the flocks, his impetus carrying him to it. Then with the iron-shot oar he pushes over it, across the next open water and the next flocks, until he gets to the piece of open water he aims at, far enough removed from the shore. Then he places his stakes, draws his white apron over him, and, with his gun across his chest, lies back in his boat to freeze until the geese come. If any are around some are generally bagged, but it is cold, hard work. Nevertheless, the grounds could not be reached by any other method, the ice being too treacherous to bear an ordinary blind. This the geese appear to know.

That manuscript, I understand, was in the possession of Mr. Keeley, and therefore, while it is almost too early to discuss the future of the work, it seems to me that with the information in the manuscript and the knowledge in the possession of Lancaster Thomas and Charles B. Collier, there need be little doubt but that the work of Mr. Keeley will be carried forward.

## TO USE TIDES.

New York Insurance Adjuster Has Secured a Patent on a Machine to Harness the Waves.

The latest invention for turning the rise and fall of the tide and the power of the waves to practical use has been patented by William Reed, an insurance adjuster of New York city.

Mr. Reed is the father-in-law of Harry B. Smith, the comic operatic librettist, and his son-in-law, he says, has as much faith in his invention as he. He talked freely of his invention.

"I was allowed a patent on my appearance by the patent office at Washington on October 18," he said. "By my method the power of the tide in its rise and fall may be utilized at small cost, and by its application the use of coal to manufacture steam and generate electricity will be no longer necessary."

"This power can be utilized at any place where there is a tide. The greater the rise and fall of the tide the greater will be the power secured. A plant by which this power can be secured will cost no more than an ordinary electric plant. There will be no cost to operate it, as the tide will operate it automatically. No engineer will be required. This power, I think, will come in an unbroken chain."

Mr. Reed sold a five per cent. interest in his invention to a business man for \$5,000 cash. He is now negotiating with English capitalists for the sale of a further interest.

The invention has never been given a practical test.

## DID NOT DIE WITH HIM.

Believed That Keeley Revealed His Secrets in a Manuscript Prepared Before His Death.

Stockholders of the Keeley Motor company have not abandoned the hope that the secret of the lie work of John W. Keeley was not buried with the inventor. B. L. Ackerman, of New York, the president of the company, has gone to Philadelphia in response to a telegram from Mrs. Keeley.

He said: "I have been closely associated with Mr. Keeley in his work for 25 years, and I was among the first to see the value of his plans. As a mechanical engineer I have frequently examined his experiments with him. Therefore, to-day I have greater faith than I ever had in the practical value of his discoveries. During the last few years I have learned that Mr. Keeley prepared a manuscript of more than 2,000 pages, which reveals all the secrets discovered by him."

"That manuscript, I understand, was in the possession of Mr. Keeley, and therefore, while it is almost too early to discuss the future of the work, it seems to me that with the information in the manuscript and the knowledge in the possession of Lancaster Thomas and Charles B. Collier, there need be little doubt but that the work of Mr. Keeley will be carried forward.

## IN MOVING PICTURES.

Pope Leo XIII. Caught by the Camera in Many Different Attitudes.

Pope Leo XIII. has posed before a moving picture machine. In pictures now he may be seen to walk, bow, take off his hat, smile, drive in his landau through the alleys of the vatican gardens, and give, with his right hand raised, the apostolic benediction.

To the faithful that apostolic benediction reproduced in pictures will have the same effect as if it were conferred directly, personally. The camera was blessed.

In Baltimore and in Washington before Cardinal Gibbons, the apostolic delegate; Mgr. Martinelli; Dr. Garrigan, rector of the University of America; the rector of the Georgetown university, and many other dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church, the moving pictures are to be shown.

They are to be displayed on these two occasions before they are displayed elsewhere. They may not be displayed elsewhere if they are considered adversely there. The exhibitions are to be absolutely under the control of the church in America.

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 15.

LIVESTOCK—Cattle, common, \$2 50 @ 3 50

Select butchers, 3 50 @ 4 00

Calves—Fair to good light, 6 00 @ 6 50

Hogs—Heavy, 3 50 @ 4 00

Light, 2 50 @ 3 25

Light shippers, 2 10 @ 3 20

Sheep—Choice, 3 25 @ 3 85

Lambs, 4 75 @ 5 15

Flock—Sow, winter family, 2 40 @ 2 60

GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red, 65 @ 65

Corn—No. 2 mixed, 34 1/2 @ 34 1/2

Oats—No. 2, 29 1/2 @ 29 1/2

Rye—No. 2, 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2

HAY—Prime to choice, 8 50 @ 9 50

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, 5 00 @ 5 00

BUTTER—Choice dairy, 12 @ 12

Prim to choice creamery, 9 00 @ 9 00

APPLESES—Per bushel, 1 25 @ 1 40

POTATOES—Per bushel, 8 00 @ 8 25

CHICAGO.

FLOUR—Winter patent, 3 40 @ 3 50

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 65 @ 65

CORN—No. 2 mixed, 41 1/2 @ 41 1/2

CORN—No. 2 white, 39 1/2 @ 39 1/2

OATS—No. 2, 31 1/2 @ 31 1/2

PORK—New Mess, 26 1/2 @ 27 1/2

PORK—Western, 25 1/2 @ 26 1/2

LARD—Steam, 5 50 @ 5 50

NEW YORK.

FLOUR—Winter patent, 3 40 @ 3 50

GRAIN—Family, 71 1/2 @ 71 1/2

Southern—Wheat, 65 @ 65

Corn—Mixed, 39 1/2 @ 39 1/2

</div

Cor. 7th &amp; Main.

The New Louisville Store

Cor. 7th &amp; Main.

# As the Holidays are Now Approaching

When we give you prices that have never been given before in this vicinity. We must reduce our stock before the first of the year and in order to do so we have given you some prices below that will interest you, and all other goods that are not mentioned we will give the same liberal discount, as though they were advertised.

7½ cents per yard.  
Wrapper Flannettes, latest Fall Styles, worth 10 cents.

15 cents per yard.  
Wool Flannels, white, red and gray, worth 25 cents.

15 cents each.  
Ladies' Ecrus, or White Vests and Pants, worth 25 cents.

25 cents each.  
Ladies' Ecrus and white-satin bands, lace-edged vests and pants, worth 25 cents.

3 for 10 cents.  
Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton.

\$1.48 per pair.  
Men's double-half tapered, soled calf boots, worth \$2.00.

\$1.50 each.  
Men's and Boys' Mackintoshes, double texture with cape, worth 25 cents.

25 cents each.  
For Shirts and Drawers in White Merino, well worth 40 cents.

20 cents per pair.  
Men's all-wool extra-heavy socks, worth 35 cents.

50 cents  
For a good-sized Calico Com-

double texture with cape, worth 75 cents.

15 cents  
Per pair for heavy duck shuck-

ing mittens, worth 25 cents.

45 cents per pair  
For the best oil-tanned calf shucking gloves, worth 75 cents.

\$3.48 each  
For an extra-heavy Chinchilla Overcoat, well made, worth \$5.00.

\$6.75 each  
For the best quality of Beaver and Kersey Overcoats, all colors, every one worth \$10.00.

Ladies' Capes and Jackets  
In abundant lots, capes all of this season's styles at low figures. Cloaks that were carried over at 50 cents on the \$1. Call and examine these offers.

98 cents per pair  
For Ladies' calf skin shoes in button, worth \$1.25.

\$2.00 per pair  
For the best calf skin and grain leather high topped shoes in the city;

Your choice of any Calico in the house at 3 1-2 cents per yard—a limit of 20 yds. to the customer—none sold to merchants.

In every department you will find each article reduced to a closing out price which will only prevail during this sale. Call and see for yourself if you are in need of a bill. We will save you money.

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MORRIS KOHLMAN, Manager.

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Almanac and  
Encyclopedia  
for 1899

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of the Spanish-  
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READY FOR SALE  
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Be sure your tickets read via "BIG FOUR."

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CINCINNATI, O.

L. H. Landman, M. D.,  
Of No. 503 W. Ninth Street, Cincinnati,  
Ohio,

Will be at the Windsor Hotel, Paris,  
Ky.,

TUESDAY, DEC. 13, 1898,

returning every second Tuesday in each month.

REFERENCE.—Every leading physician  
Paris, Kentucky.

## DR. SWEENEY.

OFFICE HOURS:  
8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m.  
7 to 8 p. m.

Office, 'Phone 135  
Residence, 'Phone 27—Night Ring.  
(Formerly office of late Dr. Buck.)  
(15nov-4t)

## Money To Loan!

TERMS—5 and 5½ per cent. on real estate mortgage

ROGERS & MOORE.  
(16sep-6mo) PARIS, KY.

H. A. SMITH,  
DENTIST.  
Office over G. S. Varden & Co.

Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

## Wanted to Buy

300,000 bushels of wheat. I will pay the highest market price in cash; or I will furnish sacks and store your wheat in an elevator and buy your wheat when you are ready to sell at the highest market price. Those who held wheat last year made big money. Store your wheat and get the profit.

E. O. FRETWELL, Agent,  
(5july-4t) Paris, Ky.

## NOTICE.

THE following farms have been posted and we hereby warn all hunters that if they are caught on any of the lands of the undersigned they will be indicted for trespassing.

MATT. HOWARD,  
J. M. HUGHES,  
J. MILLER WARD,  
J. Q. WARD,  
JOHN B. KENNEDY,  
CATESBY WOODFORD,  
J. M. HALL,  
ROBT. H. FERGUSON,  
JAS. E. CLAY  
BARNETT BROS

## For Rent.

The store room occupied by C. Grosche is for rent. Possession given January 1st, 1899. Apply to

GEO. RASSENFOSS.

GEO. W. DAVIS.

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Furniture, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, Carpets, Mattresses, Etc.

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Everything for Orchard, Lawn and Garden, Fruit and Ornamental trees, Shrubs, Roses, Vines, Small Fruits, Rhubarb, Asparagus and all stock grown in Nurseries.

Prices reasonable as we employ no Agents. Descriptive catalogue on application to

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Phone 279. LEXINGTON, KY.

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SYRUP PEPSIN  
CURES CONSTIPATION.

Insure your property against fire, wind and lightning in the Hurst Home Insurance Co., a safe and reliable company.

O. W. MILLER, Agent,  
Paris, Ky.

One step won't take you very far—  
You've got to keep on walking;  
One word won't tell folks what you are—  
You've got to keep on talking;  
One inch won't make you very tall—  
You've got to keep on growing;  
One little "ad" won't do it all—  
You've got to keep 'em going.

## Important Change on The Frankfort & Cincinnati—Two New Trains.

No. 2 train will leave at 4:30 a. m., and arrive at Frankfort at 11:20 a. m.  
No. 8 leaves at 4:30 p. m., and arrives at Frankfort at 8:10 p. m.

No. 1 leaving Frankfort at 7 a. m., arrives at 8:40.

No. 5 leaves Frankfort at 1:15 p. m., and arrives at 4 p. m.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
One line, one dollar per inch for first insertion; half rates each insertion thereafter.  
Locals, or reading notices, ten cents per line each insertion. Locals in black type, twenty cents; in blue each insertion.  
Advertisement of lines count as full lines when running at line rates.  
Obituary, cards of thanks, calls on candidates, resolutions of respect and matter of a like nature, ten cents per line.  
Special rates given for large advertisements and yearly cards.

## Dissolution Notice.

PARIS, KY., Nov. 3, 1898.

By mutual consent, the firms doing business under the name and style of Spears & Stuart and J. H. Hibler & Co., have this day dissolved and "E. F. Spears & Sons" are their successors. All persons indebted to the above firms may settle the same with either E. F. Spears or Jno. Stuart, one or both of whom will be found at the down town house formerly occupied by Spears & Stuart. Spears & Stuart are responsible for all debts contracted by the firms of Spears & Stuart and J. H. Hibler & Co.

SPEARS & STUART,  
J. H. HIBLER & CO.  
(4nov-4t)

Will Kenney, M. D.  
Physician & Surgeon,  
Phone 136.

OFFICE: Fourth and Pleasant Sts.

OFFICE HOURS:  
7 to 10 a. m.  
2 to 4 p. m.  
7 to 8 p. m.

(16aug-4t)

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## WITHOUT PAIN.

## NO GAS. NO COCAINE.

A simple application to the gums used only by me, and acknowledged by the public to be the best and easiest, and absolutely free from any after effects.

Catecholic treatment for painless filling.

Set of teeth.....\$8.00.

Upper and lower.....15.00.

Silver fillings.....50 cts up.

Gold fillings.....1.00 up.

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Painless extraction.....50 cts.

Work guaranteed satisfactory. Calls promptly answered. Your work is solicited. Prices, reasonable.

JOHN CONNELLY,  
PLUMBER,  
PARIS, KENTUCKY.

Telephone 79.

Hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

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CURES INDIGESTION.

Telephone 79.

(18oct-4t)

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SYRUP PEPSIN  
CURES INDIGESTION.

Telephone 79.

(20sept-4t)

DR. CALDWELL'S  
SYRUP PEPSIN  
CURES INDIGESTION.

Telephone 79.

(27sep-4t)

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and in order to do so we have given you some prices below that will interest you, and all other goods that are not mentioned we will give the same liberal discount, as though they were advertised.

50 cents  
For a good-sized Calico Com-

double texture with cape, worth 75 cents.

\$3.48 each  
For an extra-heavy Chinchilla Overcoat, well made, worth \$5.00.

\$6.75 each

For the best quality of Beaver and Kersey Overcoats, all colors, every one worth \$10.00.

Ladies' Capes and Jackets  
In abundant lots, capes all of this season's styles at low figures. Cloaks that were carried over at 50 cents on the \$1. Call and examine these offers.

98 cents per pair  
For Ladies' calf skin shoes in button, worth \$1.25.

\$2.00 per pair  
For the best calf skin and grain leather high topped shoes in the city;

Yours choice of any Calico in the house at 3 1-2 cents per yard—a limit of 20 yds. to the customer—none sold to merchants.

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